# **Chapter 4**

## **Donor Profile**



2016 Annual Report

Data to 31-Dec-2015

Table 4.1 contains a detailed description of organ donors in Australia in 2015 compared to 2014. Key observations are the gender discrepancy for DCD donors (where there are greater number or more males than females; the preponderance of Caucasian donors, and the distribution of blood groups (largely O and A).

Table 4.1

		Demographics of Dec	eased Don	ors in Aus	stralia 2014	- 2015		
				2014			2015	
			DBD	DCD	Total	DBD	DCD	Total
	Gender	Male	131(48%)	77(72%)	208 (55%)	185(59%)	74(62%)	259 (60%)
	Condo	Female	140(52%)	30(28%)	170 (45%)	130(41%)	46(38%)	176 (40%)
		0-4	4(1%)	_,,	4 (1%)	5(2%)	1(1%)	6 (1%)
		5-14	8(3%)	2(2%)	10 (3%)	10(3%)	3(3%)	13 (3%)
		15-24	14(5%)	8(7%)	22 (6%)	23(7%)	10(8%)	33 (8%)
		25-34	39(14%)	14(13%)	53 (14%)	42(13%)	9(8%)	51 (12%)
	Age	35-44	41(15%)	15(14%)	56 (15%)	48(15%)	11(9%)	59 (14%)
		45-54	63(23%)	27(25%)	90 (24%)	65(21%)	21(18%)	86 (20%)
		55-64	53(20%)	34(32%)	87 (23%)	63(20%)	43(36%)	106 (24%)
		65-74	38(14%)	7(7%)	45 (12%)	47(15%)	21(18%)	68 (16%)
		75+	11(4%)	0(00()	11 (3%)	12(4%)	1(1%)	13 (3%)
		Underweight (<18.5)	11(4%)	3(3%)	14 (4%)	12(4%)	5(4%)	17 (4%)
	ВМІ	Normal (18.5-<25)	97(36%)	37(35%)	134 (35%)	117(37%)	42(35%)	159 (37%)
	(kg/m2)	Overweight(25-<30)	106(39%) 57(21%)	35(33%) 32(30%)	141 (37%) 89 (24%)	101(32%) 85(27%)	37(31%) 35(29%)	138 (32%)
		Obese(>=30)	37(2170)	32(30%)	09 (24%)	03(2170)		120 (28%)
		Unknown	400(000()	40/000/)	444 (000/)	400(400()	1(1%)	1 (0%)
		A	102(38%)	42(39%)	144 (38%)	126(40%)	48(40%)	174 (40%)
	Blood	AB	11(4%)	3(3%)	14 (4%)	10(3%)	5(4%)	15 (3%)
Australia	Group	В	27(10%)	13(12%)	40 (11%)	43(14%)	15(13%)	58 (13%)
		О	131(48%)	49(46%)	180 (48%)	136(43%)	52(43%)	188 (43%)
		Australian	207(76%)	79(74%)	286 (76%)	237(75%)	89(74%)	326 (75%)
		Australian Aboriginal	4(1%)	3(3%)	7 (2%)	10(3%)	1(1%)	11 (3%)
		New Zealander	5(2%)	2(2%)	7 (2%)	4(1%)	1(1%)	5 (1%)
		Māori	1(0%)		1 (0%)		1(1%)	1 (0%)
	Ethnicity	Pacific Islander	2(0%)	2(2%)	4(1%)	4(1%)	, ,	4(1%)
		European	24(8%)	7(7%)	31(9%)	29(9%)	15(13%)	44(11%)
		Middle East	2(0%)	,	2(0%)	2(0%)	2(2%)	4(1%)
		Asian	15(5%)	10(10%)	25(7%)	23(7%)	9(9%)	32(7%)
		American	10(3%)	2(2%)	10(3%)	4(2%)	1(1%)	5(1%)
		Other	3(1%)	2(2%)	5 (1%)	2(1%)	1(1%)	3 (1%)
		Intracranial Haemorrhage	131(48%)	29(27%)	160 (42%)	124(39%)	32(27%)	156 (36%)
		Traumatic Brain Injury	38(14%)	15(14%)	53 (14%)	43(14%)	13(11%)	56 (13%)
	Cauca	Cerebral Infarct	21(8%)	12(11%)	33 (9%)	17(5%)	10(8%)	27 (6%)
	Cause of Death	Cerebral Hypoxia / Ischaemia	73(27%)	45(42%)	118 (31%)	126(40%)	46(38%)	172 (40%)
	JI Death	,		, ,	, ,			
		Other Neurological Condition	4(1%)	1(1%)	5 (1%)	5(2%)	4(3%)	9 (2%)
		Non-Neurological Condition	4(1%)	5(5%)	9 (2%)		15(13%)	15 (3%)

As of 2014, with the implementation of the EDR racial origin has been classified by Ethnicity according to the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

In New Zealand in 2014 there were six DCD donors. There was a lower proportion of donors <25 years, compared with Australia, but a similar proportion of donors ≥65 years. (Table 4.2).

Table 4.2

		Demographics of Dec	eased Don	ors in New	/ Zealand 20	014 - 2015		
				2014			2015	
			DBD	DCD	Total	DBD	DCD	Total
	Candan	Male	26(65%)	5(83%)	31 (67%)	29(60%)	4(80%)	33 (62%)
	Gender	Female	14(35%)	1(17%)	15 (33%)	19(40%)	1(20%)	20 (38%)
		0-4	1(3%)		1 (2%)			
		5-14	1(3%)		1 (2%)	1(2%)		1 (2%)
		15-24	7(18%)	1(17%)	8 (17%)	8(17%)	1(20%)	9 (17%)
		25-34	3(8%)		3 (7%)	7(15%)		7 (13%)
	Age	35-44	6(15%)	1(17%)	7 (15%)	7(15%)	1(20%)	8 (15%)
		45-54	10(25%)	1(17%)	11 (24%)	7(15%)	2(40%)	9 (17%)
		55-64	6(15%)	3(50%)	9 (20%)	10(21%)	1(20%)	11 (21%)
		65-74	3(8%)		3 (7%)	7(15%)		7 (13%)
		75+	3(8%)		3 (7%)	1(2%)		1 (2%)
		Underweight (<18.5)				1(2%)		1 (2%)
		Normal (18.5-<25)	17(43%)	1(17%)	18 (39%)	25(52%)	3(60%)	28 (53%)
	BMI	Overweight(25-<30)	16(40%)	5(83%)	21 (46%)	16(33%)	2(40%)	18 (34%)
	(kg/m2)	Obese(>=30)	6(15%)	, ,	6 (13%)	6(13%)	, ,	6 (11%)
		Unknown	1(3%)		1 (2%)	, ,		, ,
New		Α	22(55%)	1(17%)	23 (50%)	15(31%)	3(60%)	18 (34%)
Zealand	Blood	АВ	2(5%)	, ,	2 (4%)	3(6%)	, ,	3 (6%)
	Group	В	, ,	1(17%)	1 (2%)	5(10%)		5 (9%)
		o	16(40%)	4(67%)	20 (43%)	25(52%)	2(40%)	27 (51%)
		Australian	4(10%)	, ,	4 (9%)	, ,	, ,	, ,
		New Zealander	22(55%)	5(83%)	27 (59%)	38(79%)	3(60%)	41 (77%)
		Māori	6(15%)	, ,	6 (13%)	3(6%)	2(40%)	5 (9%)
		Polynesian	1(3%)		1 (2%)	, ,	, ,	,
	Ethnicity	European	3(8%)	1(17%)	4(9%)	2(4%)		2(4%)
		Asian - Filipino	1(3%)	, ,	1 (2%)	2(4%)		2 (4%)
		American	2(6%)		2(4%)	3(6%)		3(6%)
		Other	1(3%)		1 (2%)	( /		(/
		Intracranial Haemorrhage	17(43%)	1(17%)	18 (39%)	24(50%)		24 (45%)
		Traumatic Brain Injury	13(33%)	2(33%)	15 (33%)	10(21%)		10 (19%)
	Cause	Cerebral Infarct	3(8%)	. ,	3 (7%)	2(4%)		2 (4%)
	of Death	Cerebral Hypoxia / Ischaemia	5(13%)	3(50%)	8 (17%)	11(23%)	5(100%)	16 (30%)
		Other Neurological Condition	(,	( /	,	1(2%)	(	1 (2%)
		Non-Neurological Condition	2(5%)		2 (4%)	( -/-/		()

As of 2014, with the implementation of the EDR racial origin has been classified by Ethnicity according to the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

#### AGE AND GENDER DISTRIBUTION IN AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

In Australia in 2015, 15.63% of donors (68) were 65-74 years of age and 2.99% (13 donors) were aged 75 years or older. The oldest donor was 87.4 years and the youngest 1.2 years. In New Zealand in 2015, 15.1% of donors (8) were 65 years or older. The age range was from 5.1 years to 79.6 years.

The mean age of donors in Australia in 2015 was 48.6 years. The mean age in New Zealand was 45.3 years. The mean age of donors in 1989 for Australia and New Zealand combined was 32.4 years and the age range was between 16.5 months and 69.5 years.

Figures 4.1 - 4.6 show donors according to age and gender in Australia and New Zealand for the years 2007-2009, 2010-2012 and 2013-2015.

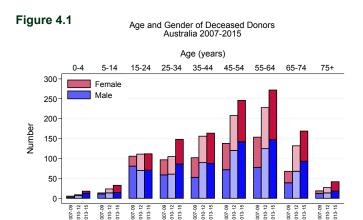


Figure 4.3 Age and Gender of Donors After Brain Death Australia 2007-2015

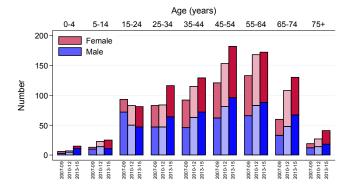


Figure 4.5 Age and Gender of Donors After Brain Death New Zealand 2007-2015

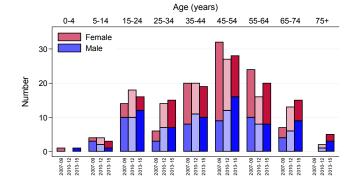


Figure 4.2 Age and Gender of Deceased Donors New Zealand 2007-2015

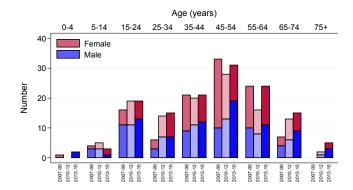


Figure 4.4 Age and Gender of Donors After Circulatory Death Australia 2007-2015

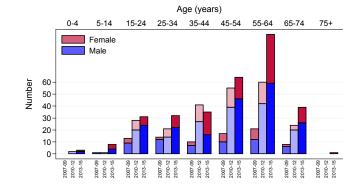
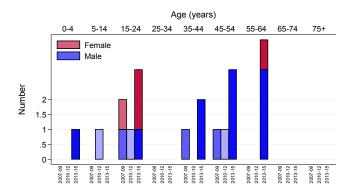


Figure 4.6 Age and Gender of Donors After Circulatory Death New Zealand 2007-2015

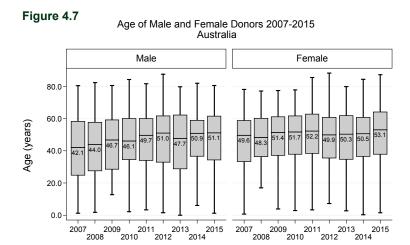


#### **Australia**

The mean age of donors for Australia in 2015 was 48.6 years. Across Australian States the mean age ranged from 43.8 years in the Northern Territory to 52 years in New South Wales.

The median age of donors for Australian States in 2015 ranged from 36.8 years in the Northern Territory to 56.3 years in New South Wales.

The median age for Australian donors in 2015 was 51.3 years.



#### **New Zealand**

For New Zealand the mean age of donors was 45.3 years.

The median age for New Zealand was 47.1 years in 2015. There was one donor aged 75 years or over (down from 3 in 2014) and no donors aged less than 5 years.

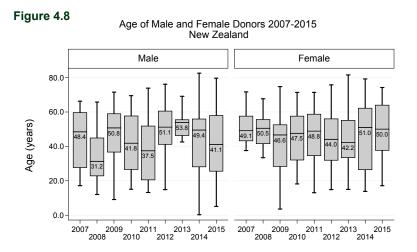


Figure 4.9 Age of Male and Female Donors After Brain Death 2007-2015 Australia The age and gender of donors by donation pathway is shown Male Female per year from 2007 - 2015 for Australia and New Zealand in 80 Figures 4.10 to 4.11. 60 Age (years) 40 20 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2008 2010 2012 2014 2008 2010 2012 2014 Australia Figure 4.10 Age of Male and Female Donors After Circulatory Death 2007-2015 Australia Male Female 80 60 Age (years)

Figure 4.11 Age of Male and Female Donors After Brain Death 2007-2015

New Zealand

New Zealand

New Zealand

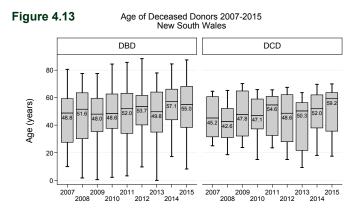
New Zealand

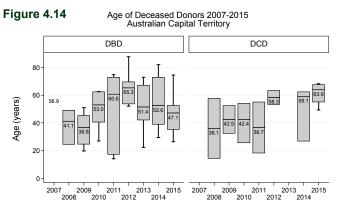
New Zealand

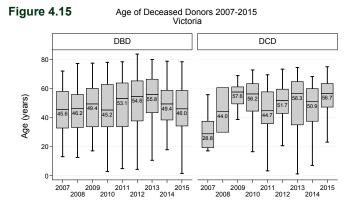
New Zealand

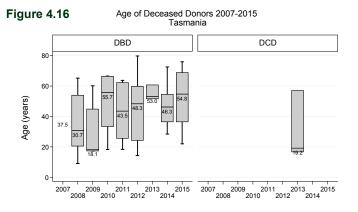
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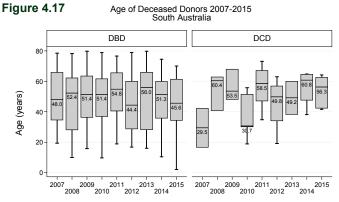
2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2008 2010 2012 2014

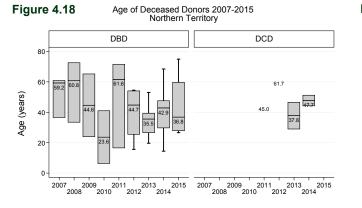


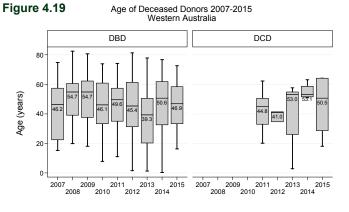






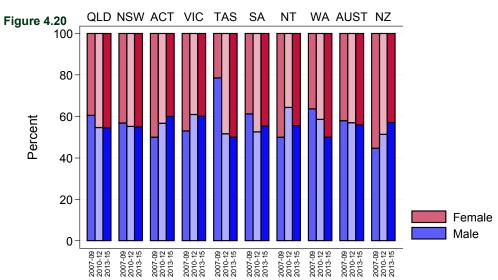






Donor gender in each State, Australia and New Zealand is shown in three year cohorts in Figures 4.20





The ethnic origin of donors has remained stable over the past 5 years, in Australia and New Zealand (Table 4.3).



Table 4.3

Ethnicity			Australia				N	lew Zealan	d	
Ethnicity	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Caucasoid	316 (94%)	320 (90%)	335 (86%)	-	-	30 (79%)	28 (74%)	29 (81%)	-	-
Australian				286 (76%)	326 (75%)	-	-	-	4 (9%)	
Australian Aboriginal	3 (1%)	4 (1%)	8 (2%)	7 (2%)	11 (3%)	-	-	-	-	-
New Zealander	-	-	-	7 (2%)	5 (1%)	-	-	-	27 (59%)	41 (77%
Māori	-	4 (1%)	4 (1%)	1 (0%)	1 (0%)	3 (8%)	6 (16%)	3 (8%)	6 (13%)	5 (9%)
Pacific Islander	1(0%)	2(1%)	3(1%)	4(1%)	3(1%)	4(11%)	1(3%)			
European	6(2%)	11(3%)	8(2%)	8(3%)	31(9%)	46(11%)			4(9%)	2(4%)
Iorth African & Middle East		1(0%)	3(1%)	1(0%)						
Asian	9(2%)	11(3%)	22(7%)	25(7%)	32(7%)	1(3%)	3(9%)	3(9%)	1(2%)	2(4%)
American	1(0%)			10(3%)	5(1%)				1(4%)	3(6%)
Other	1(0%)	1(0%)		5(1%)	3(1%)			1(3%)	1(2%)	

As of 2014, with the implementation of the EDR racial origin has been classified by Ethnicity according to the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

Table 4.4 shows the religious denomination of donors. This has remained stable over the 5 years to 2015.

Table 4.4

		F	Religious D	enominat	ion of Don	ors 2011	- 2015			
Donor			Australia				N	lew Zeala	nd	
Religion	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Christianity	111 (33%)	110 (31%)	122 (31%)	96 (25%)	136 (31%)	7 (18%)	5 (13%)	3 (8%)	4 (9%)	3 (6%)
Judaism	-	-	3 (1%)	2 (1%)	2 (0%)	-	-	-	-	-
Islam	-	1 (0%)	2 (1%)	-	1 (0%)	-	-	-	-	-
Buddhism	1 (0%)	4 (1%)	1 (0%)	7 (2%)	6 (1%)	-	-	-	-	-
Hinduism	-	2 (1%)	-	2 (1%)	3 (1%)	-	-	1 (3%)	-	-
Others	-	-	5 (1%)	3 (1%)	4 (1%)	-	-	-	-	-
No religion	75 (22%)	59 (17%)	77 (20%)	87 (23%)	92 (21%)	-	-	-	1 (2%)	-
Unknown	150 (45%)	178 (50%)	181 (46%)	181 (48%)	191 (44%)	31 (82%)	33 (87%)	32	41 (89%)	50 (94%)

#### **DONOR WEIGHT**

The allocation of heart, lungs and livers are based in part on the matching of recipient and donor size and weight. In 2015 there were 14 donors in Australia and one donor in New Zealand who weighed less than 40 kilograms. There were 68 donors 100 kilograms and over in Australia and four donors in New Zealand.

Table 4.5

Donor Weight 2011 - 2015												
						Kilogra	ns					
		0-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	80-89	90-99	100 +	Total
	2011	3	4	1	6	31	59	73	74	48	38	337
	2012	2	4	0	7	23	73	70	85	44	46	354
Australia	2013	10	2	3	7	24	62	95	90	53	45	391
	2014	4	4	2	4	29	53	104	86	54	38	378
	2015	7	4	3	8	33	70	93	86	63	68	435
	2011	0	0	0	2	1	11	7	9	4	4	38
New	2012	0	0	0	0	6	5	10	5	8	4	38
Zealand	2013	1	0	1	0	3	9	11	4	5	2	36
26alallu	2014	1	0	0	0	3	8	7	16	7	4	46
	2015	0	1	0	0	3	12	12	11	10	4	53

#### **MEDICAL CONDITION OF DONORS**

Table 4.6 lists the medical conditions of donors by States, Territories and Country for 2015 compared to 2014 by Donor type.

Table 4.6

Table 4.											
	ſ	Medical C	Condition	of Don	ors by St	tates/Co	ountry 20	15 (20	14)		
Donor Type	Medical Condition	QLD	NSW	ACT	VIC	TAS	SA	NT	WA	AUST	NZ
	Diabetes Type I	0 (1)	2 (2)	0 (0)	0 (2)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (0)	3 (5)	2 (1)
	Diabetes Type II	3 (2)	6 (4)	0 (0)	10 (3)	1 (1)	3 (2)	0 (0)	5 (2)	28 (14)	0 (1)
DBD	Hypertension	14 (7)	35 (25)	3 (2)	23 (19)	1 (2)	5 (10)	0 (0)	13 (12)	94 (77)	15 (11)
	Smoking-Current	21 (27)	34 (28)	2 (2)	35 (33)	4 (5)	14 (14)	2 (2)	15 (10)	127 (121)	18 (7)
	Cancer	3 (1)	13 (3)	0 (0)	5 (0)	2 (1)	2 (3)	0 (0)	5 (1)	30 (9)	1 (0)
	Diabetes Type I	1 (0)	1 (0)	0 (0)	1 (1)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	3 (1)	0 (0)
	Diabetes Type II	0 (0)	3 (2)	0 (0)	11 (2)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	14 (4)	1 (0)
DCD	Hypertension	4 (3)	11 (4)	2 (0)	20 (13)	0 (0)	2 (1)	0 (0)	1 (1)	40 (22)	1 (1)
	Smoking-Current	8 (6)	12 (10)	3 (0)	17 (21)	0 (0)	1 (1)	0 (0)	0 (2)	41 (40)	1 (1)
	Cancer	4 (1)	4 (1)	1 (1)	5 (1)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	14 (4)	0 (0)

#### **Diabetes**

There were 48 donors with diabetes in Australia in 2014, six donors with Type 1 and 42 with Type 2 diabetes. There were three donors in New Zealand with diabetes; two with Type 1 and 1 with Type 2 diabetes.

In Australia, there was one diabetic Type 2 donor who did not have organs retrieved (due to poor perfusion of the organs). The 42 Type 2 donors provided fifty seven kidneys, two double/en-bloc kidneys, eighteen livers, one heart, twenty double lungs, twenty corneas, eight cardiovascular tissues, nineteen eyes (whole), three corneas, four musculoskeletal arm donations, ten musculoskeletal leg donations, nine pelvic donations and four skin donations. The six diabetic Type 1 donors in Australia, provided six kidneys, three liver, one heart, five double lungs and one bone donation.

In New Zealand, two kidneys, one liver, one double lungs and two eyes (whole) were retrieved from the three diabetic donors.

#### Hypertension

A past history of hypertension was recorded in 30.8% of donors (134) in Australia and 30.19% (16 donors) in New Zealand in 2015 (Table 4.6).

The Australian donors provided 185 kidneys, 7 double/en-bloc kidneys, 64 livers, 2 split livers, 13 hearts, 49 double lungs, 1 single lung, 2 pancreases, 5 pancreas islets, 5 corneas, 68 eyes (whole), 31 cardiovascular tissue donations, eight musculoskeletal arm donations, 28 musculoskeletal leg donations, 22 pelvic donations, 2 abdomen vessels, 4 thoracic vessels and eighteen tissue donations.

In New Zealand, the 16 donors with hypertension provided 13 kidneys, 14 livers, 1 heart, 9 double lungs and 1 thoracic vessel, 6 eyes (whole) and 2 cardiovascular donations.

#### **Smoking**

In 2015, 38.62% (168) of Australian donors were recorded as current smokers while in New Zealand, 35.85% (19) donors were reported as current smokers.

#### **Cancer in Donor**

In Australia, 44 donors had a history of cancer prior to donation. There 27 donors having skin only cancers, 15 with non-skin cancers and two with a history of both skin and non-skin cancer. In New Zealand, one donor in 2015 had a history of previous cancer, which was a skin only cancer. Table 4.7 identifies the type of cancer by primary site in Australian Donors.

Table 4.7

	History	of Cancer in	Donor - Typ	e of Cancer b	y Primary Site	e	
Type of Cancer / Primary Site	SCC   BCC Intraepidermal	Adeno- carcinoma	Other - (specified)	Lymphoma	Leukaemia	Unknown	Total
Skin	52	0	3	0	0	1	56
Brain	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Nasal Cavity	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Tongue	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Thyroid	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
Kidney/Urinary	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Ovary	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Cervix	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
Prostate	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
Colon	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Leukaemia	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Other unspecified	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Unknown	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Total	54	3	10	1	1	4	74

#### **VIROLOGY SCREENING**

Table 4.8 shows the cytomegalovirus (CMV) status of donors from 2010 to 2015.

Table 4.8

		Cytome	egaloviru	ıs (CMV	IgG) St	atus of	Donors	2010 -	2015			
			Austr	alia					New Z	ealand		
	2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015							2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Positive	191	214	225	242	229	268	23	21	30	21	23	26
Negative	118	123	129	148	147	167	18	17	8	15	23	27
Not Done	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indeterminate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pending	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	309	337	354	391	378	435	41	38	38	36	46	53

Table 4.9 shows the Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) status of donors from 2010 to 2015.

Table 4.9

14510 110												
		Eps	stein-Bar	r Virus (	EBV Ig0	S) Status	of Dono	ors 2010	- 2015			
			Aust	ralia					New Z	ealand		
_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Positive	198	293	321	356	339	402	33	27	33	27	37	36
Negative	14	28	33	33	30	28	2	4	1	4	5	13
Not Done	97	16	0	2	5	1	6	7	4	0	3	2
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	1
Indeterminate	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Pending	0	0	0	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	309	337	354	391	378	435	41	38	38	36	46	53

Not all Australian States require organ donors to be tested for EBV.

#### **HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY**

There were eleven Hepatitis C positive donors in 2015, nine in Australia and one in New Zealand.

Of the positive donors in Australia, nine were DBD donors. There were two double/en-bloc kidneys, five livers and one double lung donated.

The one positive donor in New Zealand was a DBD donor, who donated a liver.

**Table 4.10** 

		H	lepatitis (	C Antibo	dy Statu	s of Dor	nors 20	10 - 201	5			
			Aust	ralia					New Z	ealand		
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Positive	2	7	5	13	8	11	0	1	2	1	2	1
Negative	307	330	349	378	364	420	41	37	36	35	44	52
Not Done	0	0	0	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indeterminate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pending	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	309	337	354	391	378	435	41	38	38	36	46	53

#### **HEPATITIS B CORE ANTIBODY**

The Registry commenced collection of Hepatitis B core antibody results in 1998.

A positive result was recorded for 4.6% (20) of Australian donors and 5.7% (3) of New Zealand donors in 2015 (Table 4.10).

Of the positive donors in Australia, nine were DBD and two were DCD donors. These 20 donors, provided 23 kidneys, 10 whole livers, 1 left split liver, 1 right split liver, 1 heart, 6 double lungs, 1 pancreas islets, 6 eyes (whole), 2 corneas and 2 skin donations, 3 cardiovascular tissue donations and 3 musculoskeletal leg donations.

The three positive Hepatitis B donors in New Zealand provided, 2 kidneys, 3 whole livers, 1 double lung and 1 abdomen vessel donation.

Figure 4.11

	Н	epatitis I	B Core A	ntibody S	Status of	f Donor	s (Anti-	HBcAb)	2010 - 2	2015		
			Austr	alia					New Z	ealand		
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Positive	20	11	15	17	21	20	2	5	8	2	3	3
Negative	289	326	339	374	337	394	39	33	30	34	42	50
Not Done	0	0	0	0	19	21	0	0	0	0	1	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indeterminate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pending	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	309	337	354	391	378	435	41	38	38	36	46	53

#### **Hepatitis B Surface Antigen**

Since 1993, all donors in Australia and New Zealand have been tested negative for Hepatitis B surface antigen, except 1 donors in 2004, 2 in 2014 and 4 in 2015 all of whom were not tested.

Figure 4.12

		Hepatitis	B Surfac	ce Antige	en Statu	s of Doı	nors (H	BsAg) 2	010 - 20	15		
			Austr	alia					New Z	ealand.		
-	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Positive	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
Negative	309	337	354	389	375	431	41	38	38	34	45	53
Not Done	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indeterminate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pending	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	309	337	354	391	378	435	41	38	38	36	46	53

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